CHAPTER 1024

PRIMARY ELECTION POSTPONED

H. F. 1265

AN ACT relating to the 1972 primary election.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. The provisions of this Act which are in conflict with the provisions of chapters forty-three (43) and fifty-three (53) of the Code shall govern for the primary election to be held on August 1, 1972.
- 1 SEC. 2. The primary election for the year 1972 shall be held on 2 August 1, 1972.

SEC. 3.

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- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section forty-nine point four (49.4), Code 1971, as amended by chapter ninety-nine (99), section one (1), and chapter ninety-eight (98), section twenty-one (21), Acts of the Sixty-fourth General Assembly, First Session, a board of supervisors required to establish new election precincts with a population of three thousand five hundred or less by December thirty-first of the year immediately following the year in which the last federal decennial census was taken, shall not be required to establish such new election precincts until a new apportionment plan has been adopted in the year 1972 and made public by the Iowa supreme court. Upon the adoption of the new apportionment plan by the Iowa supreme court, the board of supervisors shall cause new election precincts to be drawn pursuant to the provisions of section forty-nine point four (49.4) of the Code as amended by chapter ninety-nine (99), section one (1), and chapter ninety-eight (98), section twenty-one (21), Acts of the Sixty-fourth General Assembly, First Session. The board of supervisors shall issue an order establishing the new election precincts and defining the boundaries of such precincts not more than forty-seven days from the date the Iowa supreme court adopts a new apportionment plan. The board of supervisors shall file a copy of the order with the secretary of state.
- 2. If any board of supervisors fails to fix election precinct boundaries as required under the provisions of this Act, the secretary of state may file an action in mandamus in the district court of Polk county to compel the board of supervisors to perform its duties as required by this Act or he may fix the boundaries of the election precincts in the county as soon as possible. Any expenses incurred by the secretary of state shall be assessed to the county and paid by the

30 county to the secretary of state.

3. The secretary of state shall remit such expense funds to the treasurer of state who shall deposit them in the general fund of the state. Such expense funds are appropriated to the secretary of state for the purpose of reimbursing the office of the secretary of state for any expenses incurred in the administration of this section.

4. The secretary of state may request the attorney general to assist him in enforcing the provisions of this section and the attorney general shall provide such against a provided the secretary of the secretary

eral shall provide such assistance as is requested.

5. The secretary of state may request the services of personnel of

the legislative service bureau and other persons and material available to the legislative service bureau and other persons for the purpose of fixing the boundaries of election precincts as provided in this section.

SEC. 4.

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1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section forty-nine point five (49.5), Code 1971, as amended by chapter ninety-nine (99), section two (2), and chapter ninety-eight (98), section twenty-two (22), Acts of the Sixty-fourth General Assembly, First Session, the city council of any city required to establish new election precincts with a population of three thousand five hundred or less by December thirty-first of the year immediately following the year in which the last federal decennial census was taken, shall not be required to establish new election precincts until a new apportionment plan has been adopted in the year 1972 and made public by the Iowa supreme court. Upon the adoption of the new apportionment plan by the Iowa supreme court, the council of each city shall cause new election precincts to be drawn pursuant to the provisions of section forty-nine point five (49.5) of the Code, as amended by chapter ninety-nine (99), section two (2), and chapter ninety-eight (98), section twenty-two (22), Acts of the Sixty-fourth General Assembly, First Session. The city council of each city shall issue an order establishing the new election precincts and defining the boundaries of such precincts not more than forty days from the date the Iowa supreme court adopts a new apportionment plan.

2. The city clerk of each city shall, not more than fifteen days from the date the Iowa supreme court adopts a new apportionment plan, file a report with the secretary of state of the progress made in reprecincting and the date on which the city clerk expects to complete

the reprecincting of the city.

3. At the end of thirty days from the date the Iowa supreme court adopts a new apportionment plan, the city clerk shall file a report with the secretary of state stating the progress of reprecincting and whether the city will be reprecincted at the end of forty days.

4. Each city clerk shall file a report with the secretary of state upon the completion of the reprecincting and the adoption of the

reprecincting plan by the city council.

5. If the council of any city fails to fix election precinct boundaries as required under the provisions of this Act, the secretary of state may file an action in mandamus in the district court of Polk county to compel the city to perform its duties as required by this Act or he may fix the boundaries of the election precincts in such city as soon as possible. Any expenses incurred by the secretary of state shall be assessed to the city and paid by the city to the secretary of state.

6. The secretary of state shall remit such expense funds to the treasurer of state who shall deposit them in the general fund of the state. Such expense funds are appropriated to the secretary of state for the purpose of reimbursing the office of the secretary of state for any expenses incurred in the administration of this section.

7. The secretary of state may request the attorney general to assist him in enforcing the provisions of this section and the attorney

general shall provide such assistance as requested.

8. The secretary of state may request the services of personnel of the legislative service bureau and other persons and material available

- 51 to the legislative service bureau and other persons for the purpose of fixing the boundaries of election precincts as provided in this section.
- SEC. 5. The board of supervisors or city council shall approve the reprecincting plan within seven days from the date the plan is submitted to the board or council and the precincts established shall be legal upon the approval of the board or council. The board of supervisors and the city council shall publish a map of the new precincts not later than July 24, 1972.
- SEC. 6. Upon adoption of reprecincting plan by the city council or promulgation of the reprecincting plan by the secretary of state, the commissioner of registration shall commence the changing of the voter registration records.
- SEC. 7. For the year 1972 only, nomination petitions in behalf of any candidate for an elective county office shall not be filed in the office of the county auditor later than June 9, 1972.
- SEC. 8. For the year 1972 only, nomination petitions in behalf of a candidate for United States senator, representative in Congress, elective state office, and a member of the general assembly shall not be filed in the office of the secretary of state later than May 30, 1972.
- SEC. 9. For the year 1972 only, the secretary of state shall, not later than June 9, 1972, furnish to each county auditor a certificate under his hand and seal, which certificate shall show:
 - 1. The name and post office address of each person for whom a nomination paper has been filed in his office, and for whom the voters of said county have the right to vote at said election.
 - 2. The office for which such person is a candidate.

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- 3. The political party from which such person seeks a nomination.
- SEC. 10. The county auditor shall have all ballots for the primary election to be held August 1, 1972 printed and ready for delivery not later than June 23, 1972.
- SEC. 11. For the year 1972 only, any person under circumstances prescribed under section fifty-three point one (53.1) of the Code may vote by absentee ballot for the 1972 primary election from June 23, 1972 up to and including July 31, 1972.
- SEC. 12. For the year 1972 only, the county auditor shall deliver an absentee ballot to any qualified elector applying in person at the office of the county auditor and filing an application for an absentee ballot as required under the provisions of chapter fifty-three (53) of the Code, after July 16, 1972, if the ballot is immediately marked, enclosed in the ballot envelope with the proper affidavit thereon, and returned to the county auditor.
- SEC. 13. For the year 1972 only, any qualified voter in the armed forces of the United States may personally appear in the office of the county auditor of the county of his residence and cast an absentee ballot at any time beginning June 23, 1972, up to and including July 31, 1972.
- SEC. 14. Acts and proceedings of elections relating to party committeemen conducted pursuant to law at the precinct caucuses of a

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political party subsequent to January 1, 1972 and preceding August 1, 1972 are hereby declared to be legal and the two party committee-4 5 men elected in each precinct shall begin their term of office as provided in section forty-three point ninety-nine (43.99) of the Code and their term of office shall expire on August 15, 1972. Upon the expiration of the terms of office of the precinct party committeemen on 7 8 August 15, 1972, the chairman of each political party's state central 9 committee shall determine the method of selection of new party com-10 mitteemen to serve a term commencing on August 16, 1972 until his 11 12 successor is elected and qualified or he is removed as provided in section forty-three point ninety-nine (43.99) of the Code. However, the 13 term of office of party committeemen elected prior to August 1, 1972, shall be for a full term if the boundaries of the precinct from which 14 15 they were elected are not changed by August 1, 1972. 16

- SEC. 15. Acts and proceedings of elections relating to delegates to the county convention of a political party conducted at the precinct caucuses pursuant to section forty-three point four (43.4) of the Code subsequent to January 1, 1972 and preceding August 1, 1972 are hereby declared to be legal. If any political party holds more than one precinct caucus in any precinct, and the delegates to the county convention are contested, the legal delegates to the county convention shall be determined by a credentials committee of the political party at the county convention. The credentials committee shall be appointed pursuant to the bylaws of the political party. Delegates to the county convention of a political party who were selected as provided by law and the acts and proceedings of elections at the precinct caucuses are hereby declared to be legal.
- SEC. 16. Duties performed and proceedings conducted in the year 1972 prior to the effective date of this Act by any political party as required pursuant to chapter forty-three (43) of the Code are hereby declared to be legal.
- 1 SEC. 17. The provisions of this Act shall be printed in the session 2 laws only, and shall not be made a permanent part of the Code of Iowa.
 - SEC. 18. For the year 1972 only, nomination papers in the form prescribed by section forty-three point fourteen (43.14) of the Code shall be legal and valid notwithstanding the fact that they refer to the primary election to be held in June, 1972, or the reference to June, 1972, is struck through or is changed.
 - SEC. 19. For the year 1972 only, nomination papers otherwise meeting the requirements of sections forty-three point fifteen (43.15) and forty-three point seventeen (43.17) of the Code shall be legal and valid, notwithstanding the fact that they were signed before the supreme court established new election districts so long as the place shown as the residence of the persons signing the nomination papers is in the new district established by the supreme court, and notwithstanding the fact that the election district may be described on the nomination paper by a number different from that assigned to the new district created by the supreme court.
- 1 Sec. 20. Affidavits of candidacy otherwise meeting the require-2 ments of section forty-three point eighteen (43.18) of the Code shall

- be legal and valid notwithstanding the fact that a candidate filing the same describes the legislative district from which he is seeking office
- by a number other than that assigned to the new district by the
- 6 supreme court.

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- 1 This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall
- 2 take effect and be in force from and after its publication in The Mus-
- 3 catine Journal, a newspaper published in Muscatine, Iowa, and in Times-Democrat, a newspaper published in Davenport, Iowa. 4

Approved March 31, 1972.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Act, House File 1265, was published in The Muscatine Journal, Muscatine, Iowa, April 7, 1972, and in the Times-Democrat, Davenport, Iowa, April 10, 1972. MELVIN D. SYNHORST. Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 1025

ELECTION LAWS

H. F. 1147

AN ACT relating to the election laws and providing penalties for violations thereof. Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- State commissioner of elections. The secretary of 2 state is designated as the state commissioner of elections and shall 3 supervise the activities of the county commissioners of elections. There is established within the office of the secretary of state a division of elections which shall be under the direction of the state commissioner of elections. The state commissioner of elections may appoint a person to be in charge of the division of elections who shall perform such duties as may be assigned to him by the state commis-9 sioner of elections. The state commissioner of elections shall prescribe 10 uniform election practices and procedures and shall prescribe the necessary forms required for voter registration and the conduct of 11 elections. The state commissioner of elections may adopt rules and 12 13 regulations, pursuant to chapter seventeen A (17A) of the Code, to
- County commissioner of elections. The county auditor of 2 each county is designated as the county commissioner of elections in 3 each county. The county commissioner of elections shall conduct voter registration pursuant to chapter forty-eight (48) of the Code and conduct all elections within the county. All election and registration duties prior to the effective date of this Act imposed upon other public 4 officials within the county are transferred to the county commissioner of elections. All of the present records of registration, precinct books, 9 and all other documents and papers pertaining to the registration of 10 electors or those electors who are currently registered that are upon the effective date of this Act, in the care, custody, and control of a 11

carry out the provisions of this section.

city subject to the provisions of chapter forty-eight (48) of the Code